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Early life

Theodor Seuss Geisel was born in Springfield, USA, on 2 March 1904. His parents called him Ted. His mother used to read stories and sing songs to Ted and his sister Marnie.
Ted’s parents were German so Ted spoke both German and English at home. Ted’s father used to take him to the park. In the park were mazes and a zoo.
Drawing

When he was five, Ted began to draw the animals in the zoo. He also began to read **comic strips** in the newspaper. His favourite was called Krazy Kat.
At school, Ted liked drawing **cartoons** and writing funny poems best. In 1921 he went to **college**. Ted drew lots of cartoons for the college **magazine**.
Marriage

In 1925, Ted went to Oxford University in England. Here he met an American student called Helen. Two years later they got married and moved to New York.
In New York, Ted began to work. He drew **cartoons** for **magazines** and for **advertisements**. Now he began to sign his name as Dr. Seuss.
The Tower

In 1937 Dr. Seuss wrote his first children's book. It was called *And to Think That I Saw It on Mulberry Street*. The book was *popular* because it had lots of pictures in it.
In 1949 Dr. Seuss and his wife moved to a house called The Tower, in San Diego, California. Dr. Seuss worked here in his studio: drawing, painting and writing books.
The Cat in the Hat

In 1957 Dr. Seuss wrote The Cat in the Hat. In the book, the Cat in the Hat made a lot of mess. Children loved it because it was funny and easy to read.
Dr. Seuss and his wife started a company to make books that were easy to read. In 1960 Dr. Seuss wrote *Green Eggs and Ham*. It became his most **popular** book.
Last days
Dr. Seuss wrote and drew pictures for 45 books during his life. People liked the way the words *rhymed* and were *repeated*, as well as the funny pictures.
Dr. Seuss was now rich and famous. In 1990 he wrote his last book, *Oh the Places You’ll Go*. He died on 24 September 1991, aged 87.
Photographs and drawings

There are many ways in which we can find out about Dr. Seuss. People took a lot of photographs of him during his life.
Here are some **doodles** Dr. Seuss drew on his notes at **university**. He liked drawing better than studying.
Books and CD-ROMs

You can read many books by Dr. Seuss. You can find them in bookshops or in a library. There may be some in your school library.
Books by Dr. Seuss can also be found on **CD-ROM**. It means that you can read his books or hear them read to you on a computer. This shows how popular his books are.
Newspapers and magazines
There were many stories about Dr Seuss in the newspapers. This story was written just after he died.

America mourns yooks, zooks and cats in hats

From Martin Fletcher
WASHINGTON

AMERICA yesterday was mourning Theodore Seuss Geisel, the whimsical author and illustrator famous the whole world over for his cats in hats, fox in socks, seeling goldfish, yooky, zooms, grinchies and smurfs.

Mr Geisel died as in his sleep at his California home on Tuesday night - a child of 87. The death last year of Jim Henson, creator of the Muppets, actually led the television news, but Mr Geisel's demise was considered almost as news-worthy in a nation so taken with fictional creations.

The passing of the man who invented green eggs and ham was prominently recorded on the front pages of almost every important newspaper. "Experts in children's literature swiftly named him the Lewis Carroll of this generation."

The newspaper is the only one that ever adapted his inimitable galumphing rhymes to a verse and a half editorial which began:

This is not just for kids.
This is not for kids.
Dr Seuss is a writer.
It's a book, and, stderr.

Such was Mr Geisel's success and productivity that no two reporters could quite agree on the total statistics. Was it 40 books he wrote, or 49? Did they sell 100 million copies, or 200 million? Were they translated into 18, 19 or 20 languages? No matter. All agreed that the bow-tied Mr Geisel was the man who taught generations of children that reading could be fun.

He was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, in 1904 and had the run of the town as his father, being commissioner of parks, that evidently triggered his imagination, but it was not until 1936 that he wrote his first book - a poem that I See It on Mulberry Street which was inspired by the rhythm of a liner's engines as he crossed the Atlantic.

Twelve publishers turned it down but it became an instant best seller when it was finally printed.

He had no children, but two step-children by his second marriage, and two curmudgeon parents in typically self-deprecating style: "You make 'em feel, I suppose."

Mr Geisel's seemingly nonsensical books were fun but after contained an underlying moral. The Lorax, one of his favourite creations, was an early environmentalist. The Butter Battle Book was a satire on the arms race.

Obituary, page 14
Dr. Seuss drew many **cartoons** for the covers of **magazines.** You can still see these. Here is a cover he drew in 1932.
Remembering Dr. Seuss

This library is at the University of California. It has a room full of all sorts of things from Dr. Seuss’s life.
The characters in Dr. Seuss’s books are very popular. Here is a toy of the Cat in the Hat. Dr. Seuss will always be remembered.
Glossary

This glossary explains difficult words, and helps you to say words which may be hard to say.

**advertisement** picture or writing that tells people about a product.
You say ad-vert-iss-ment.

**cartoon** funny drawing

**CD-ROM** shiny disc that can store words, pictures and music

**character** person or animal in a story. You say ka-rak-ter.

**college** place where people go to learn after leaving school

**comic strip** cartoon that is printed in a newspaper

**doodle** scribble

**library** place full of books. You can often borrow books from a library. You say lie-bra-ree.

**magazine** kind of newspaper that comes out every week or every month. You say mag-a-zeen.

**maze** lots of paths going all over the place where you may get lost

**popular** liked by many people

**repeat** when something is said or written over and over again. You say ree-peet.

**rhyme** when one word in one line of a poem or a song sounds like another word in another line. You say rime.

**studio** room to work in. You say stew-dee-oh.

**university** place where people go to learn after leaving school. You say yoo-ni-vers-tee.

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